Installation & Operating Instructions

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Overview and Identification

The Extreme Temperature Sensor is made for thermowell mounting, direct insertion or remote probe mounting. The probe is made of Stainless Steel and made in different lengths for a custom fit. The RTD's are available in 100Ω or $1K\Omega$ 385 curve as shown in the specifications. The enclosures come in plastic or metal for both NEMA 3R and NEMA 4 applications and are all plenum rated.

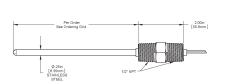


Fig. 1: Extreme Temp Immersion Sensor

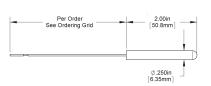


Fig. 2: Extreme Temp Remote Probe

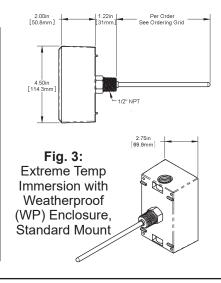
Fig. 5: Extreme

Temp Remote

Weatherproof

(WP) Enclosure

Sensor with



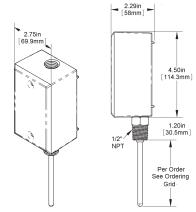
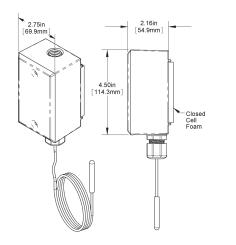
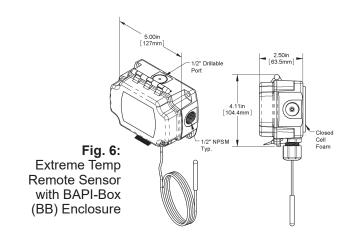


Fig. 4: Extreme Temp Immersion with Weatherproof (WP) Enclosure, Outside Mount





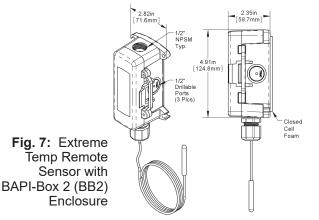
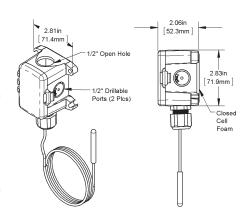


Fig. 8: Extreme
Temp Remote
Sensor with
BAPI-Box 4 (BB4)
Enclosure
(A Pierceable
Knockout Plug
is available from
BAPI for the open
port in the BB4.)



Specifications subject to change without notice.



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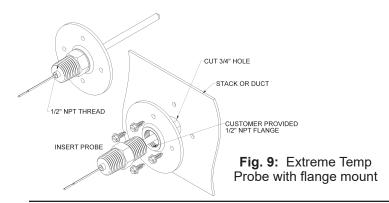
Mounting

Application: Fig 10 shows a typical four-inch thermowell and four-inch immersion probe installed into an eight inch pipe. In a properly insulated pipe with liquid or steam, the temperature is essentially the same across the entire cross section of the pipe. Usually thermowells are sized to extend to the center of the pipe; however, shorter thermowells will give proper temperature readings if properly insulated. The shorter thermowells are used in pipes with high flow velocities.

Thermowell Installer: Typically a Pipe Fitter drills a ¾-inch hole into the pipe where the thermowell is needed. A customer provided fitting, called a Threadolet or Weldolet, is welded to the pipe over the hole. The Threadolet has a ½" NPT thread in the center. Thread sealant such as Teflon tape or pipe dope is applied to the ½" NPT threads of the thermowell. The thermowell is then inserted into the Threadolet and tightened.

Sensor Installation: Insert the immersion sensor into the well with the stainless steel screw fitting into the opening on the well. Hand tighten the immersion sensor snugly without too much torque. Make sure that the tip of the immersion sensor is inserted as close to the well bottom as possible. The well is close fitting to the sensor and will offer an accurate reading without the need for thermal compound.

For more information on thermowells, see Application note "Thermowells Explained" on our website at www.bapihvac.com



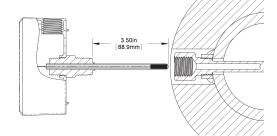
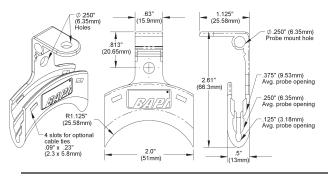


Fig. 10: Extreme Temp Immersion with Weatherproof Enclosure



FLEXIBLE PROBE BRACKET

The BAPI Flexible Probe Bracket (BA/FPB) is used to mount averaging sensors or remote sensors. It includes a scored break off for mounting 1/4" bullet probes.

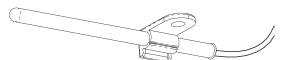


Fig. 11: Remote Sensor mounting using the scored break off of the Flexible Probe Bracket (FPB)

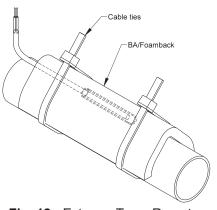
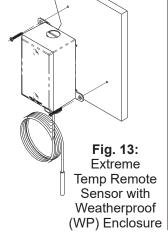


Fig. 12: Extreme Temp Remote Sensor in a strap-on application



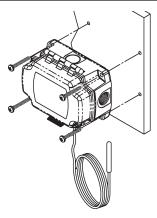


Fig. 14: Extreme Temp Remote Sensor with BAPI-Box (BB)

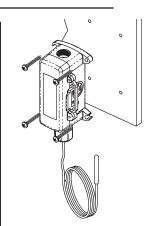


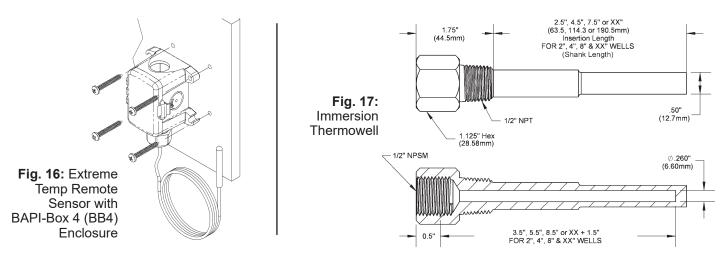
Fig. 15: Remote Sensor with BAPI-Box 2 (BB2)

Specifications subject to change without notice.

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Mounting continued....



Wiring & Termination

BAPI recommends using twisted pair of at least 22AWG and sealant filled connectors for all wire connections. Larger gauge wire may be required for long runs. All wiring must comply with the National Electric Code (NEC) and local codes. Do NOT run this device's wiring in the same conduit as high or low voltage AC power wiring.

BAPI's tests show that inaccurate signal levels are possible when AC power wiring is present in the same conduit as the sensor wires.

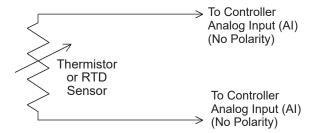


Fig. 18: 2 Wire Termination for Thermistor or RTD

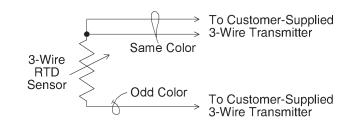


Fig. 19: 3 Wire Termination for RTD

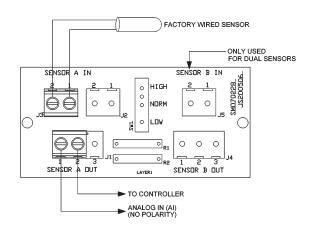


Fig. 20: Terminal Strip (-TS) Option for 2 Wire Sensors Termination

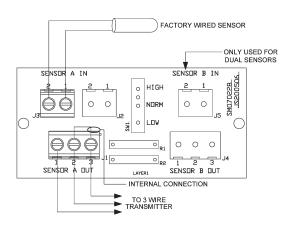


Fig. 21: Terminal Strip (-TS) Option for 3 Wire Sensors Termination

Specifications subject to change without notice.



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Diagnostics

Problems:

Controller reports higher or lower than actual temperature

Possible Solutions:

- Confirm the input is set up correctly in the front end software
- Check wiring for proper termination & continuity. (shorted or open)
- Disconnect wires and measure sensor resistance and verify the "Sensor" output is correct.

Specifications

Sensor: Passive resistance RTDPTC, 2 or 3 wire
RTD: Resistance Temperature Device Platinum (Pt)1KΩ @0°C, 385 curve, Pt Accuracy (std) .0.12% @Ref, or ±0.55°F, (±0.3°C) Pt Stability±0.25°F, (±0.14°C) Pt Self Heating0.4 °C/mW @0°C
RTD Probe Range: $1K\Omega[1]$ 328 to 32°F, (-200 to 0°C) $1K\Omega[2]$ 77 to 500°F, (25 to 260°C) $1K\Omega[3]$ 77 to 1,112°F, (25 to 600°C)
Sensitivity: Approximate @ 32°F (0°C) RTD (Pt)3.85Ω/°C for 1KΩ RTD
Lead Wire: 22awg stranded
Probe: Rigid, 304 Stainless Steel, 0.25" OD
Probe Length Probe2", 4", 8" or custom per order Remote Sensor2" w/ customer cable length
Mounting Probe

Enclosure Types

Note: The double threaded immersion probe is only available with the Weatherproof (-WP) box due to the very high or very low temperature RTD capabilities.

WeatherproofWP, w/ two ½" FNPT entries, (Bell box)
BAPI-BoxBB, w/ our ½" NPSM & one ½" drill-out
BAPI-Box 2BB2, w/ three ½" NPSM & three ½" drill-outs
BAPI-Box 4: -BB4, w/ four ½" drill-outs & one ½" open port

Enclosure Ratings

Enclosure Materials

Weatherproof -WP , Cast Aluminum, UV rated
BAPI-BoxBB, Polycarbonate, UL94V-0, UV rated
BAPI-Box 2BB2, Polycarbonate, UL94V-0, UV rated
BAPI-Box 4BB4, Polycarbonate & Nylon, UL94V-0

Ambient (Encl.): 0 to 100% RH, Non-condensing All 3 BAPI-Boxes..-40°F to 185°F, (-40° to 85°C) Weatherproof-100°F to 1,000°F, (-73° to 538°C)

Agency:

RoHS

CE PT= DIN43760, IEC Pub 751-1983 JIS C1604-1989